

# It is Better with the HUG!

# **Prepared for:**

**Motion Concepts** 84 Citation Dive Unit 1 Concord, Ontario L4K 3C1 CANADA

## Prepared by:

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#### Introduction

As the world population continues to age and manage chronic conditions, more and more people find themselves in need of a wheelchair. According to the World Health Organization, around 80 million people across the globe require a wheelchair for mobility<sup>1</sup>. It is estimated that 1% of Canadians over the age of fifteen (about 250, 000 people) rely on either a manual or a power wheelchair<sup>2</sup>. In the United States, approximately 4 million people require the use of a wheelchair for mobility<sup>3</sup>.

## The Wheelchair - A very special mobility device

For a large number of people, the use of a wheelchair is essential for independent mobility. Wheelchairs offer users the freedom and mobility to get from point A to point B when walking isn't possible. When prescribed correctly, wheelchairs provide additional safety by reducing the risk of falling. When a seat cushion and back support are properly matched to the users' clinical needs, a wheelchair can also provide postural support and improve the performance of day-to-day activities. Many users describe their wheelchair as an extension of their bodies and want their device to be 'fitted like a glove'. For caregivers, a wheelchair becomes an important 'helper' to assist with the provision of personal care. Some wheelchairs offer tilt or a combination of tilt and recline, which allow body repositioning for pressure distribution, rest, as well as immediate postural assistance in an emergency. Some users also nap in their tilt wheelchairs.<sup>4</sup>

### **Comfort and Maintenance**

When a person spends a long portion of the day in a wheelchair, comfort matters. Wheelchair seating components are frequently recommended to enhance pressure distribution and provide postural support. In addition to comfort, wheelchair seating should also be durable, and easy to care for and maintain. Historically, the design of back supports, seat cushions, and headrests have incorporated the use of foams, fluids, air and polymers. Various industry tests demonstrate how each of these design concepts compare in terms of immersion, pressure distribution, envelopment, and durability\*. These are the product qualities most important to prescribing clinicians. However, a wheelchair user (usually not a healthcare practitioner) is typically more concerned with the practical side of owning a wheelchair, and cares more about overall comfort and daily maintenance. Their questions often include, how easy will it be to clean the seat cushion when it gets soiled, will their wheelchair be helpful in accomplishing daily tasks, and will their wheelchair make it easier to move around the home<sup>4</sup>. Wheelchair users also like to try different seating products and typically make their selection based on the 'feel'.

#### **Innovation**

Innovation never stops. For decades, new innovative materials have emerged from other industries, and quickly become integrated into all aspects of the wheelchair industry, from the frame design to the seating components. New environmentally safe fibers and materials that offer comfort, longevity, and easy maintenance continue to find their way into the wheelchair industry.

<sup>\*</sup>ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies which includes Wheelchairs workgroups 1 (Test methods) and 11 (Wheelchair seating) under the Sub-committee ISO/TC 173/SC1. In North America, RESNA (Rehabilitation Engineering and Assistive Technology Society) is the organization authorized by ANSI (American National Standards Institute) to develop and revise standards related to wheelchairs and wheelchair seating.

**StaminaFibre®** is a new synthetic filler material that has the feel of a natural down, yet is machine-washable, flame-resistant, and hypoallergenic. We tested and trialed StaminaFibre®-filled inserts as a foam alternative for a rigid contoured back that may be used in tilt chairs. The result – an amazingly comfortable surface, described as 'hugging', and 'pillow soft' by those who tried it. Hence, we call it the Hug Pad.



#### **New Product**

The Matrx® TR back was designed over a decade ago for tilt/recline applications and has been reliably used in manual and power chairs ever since. The Dual Layer high resilience foam of the TR backs has become very popular since entering the market. It is a dependable medium offering excellent pressure distribution without the risk of bottoming out, even if a person stays in a tilted or reclined position for extended periods of time.

The Matrx® MAC Back development began when clinicians asked for taller back options and adjustable lateral supports. It was designed to offer a choice of either Dual Layer foam or the new HUG StaminaFibre® insert. The HUG insert design provides enhanced softness and comfort for sensitive users, those with asymmetrical fixed postures, or presenting with higher pressure risks.







MAC Back - Dual Layer Foam Model

MAC Back - HUG StaminaFibre® Model

MAC Back - Asymmetrical Contour







MAC Back – Height and Width Adjustable Laterals

## **Product Testing**

RESNA's WC-3 and ISO 16840 series of standards are concerned with wheelchair seating. Currently, testing standards exist for physical and mechanical characteristics of cushions and backs, static, repeated and impact load strengths, simulated aging, ignition, lateral stability, and envelopment. It is up to manufacturers to determine which test is relevant to the product in question. The Matrx® MAC back was subjected to static, impact, and repeated load testing, ignition, and crash testing.

Since we found no test that would allow us to look specifically at the performance of the new StaminaFibre®, Motion Concepts' team turned to interviews with clinicians and wheelchair users to inform development of the testing protocols for the Hug Pad. We also made prototypes of the MAC Back with Hug insert and introduced it to clinicians in Canada and the United States. The questions and concerns we heard guided our focus for testing. Clinicians asked if Stamina fibers collapse or migrate over time, if the StaminaFibre® would bottom-out if a patient was left in tilt. They also asked if laundry and different methods of drying the pad would affect pressure distribution over time. Hence, it was decided that the MAC back with Hug insert would be pressure mapped with at least 10 people in a tilted position, repeatedly laundry-washed, and then tested again.

**Stage one**: The baseline pressure mapping protocol was completed using the same wheelchair and MAC Back 1822 set up for all the subjects. The position of the headrest was adjusted for comfort. Ten tallest able-bodied people were chosen. Measurements of surface area (in²), peak pressures (mmHg), peak pressure index (mmHg), and subjective level of comfort (1-10 scale) were done with every subject on both the Dual Layer foam and the Hug insert at 3 min and also after 20 min in 45-degree tilt.

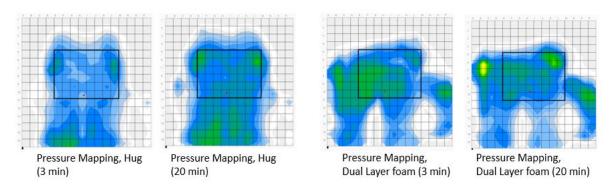




Image of a test participant #1 in a tilted wheelchair, Mac Back

*Stage two*: The MAC Back was tested following RESNA/ISO methods for repetitive, static, and impact loads. Additionally, the Hug insert was tested separately for repetitive load during which it was loaded 17,500 times with 160 lb to simulate 2-year use.







**Stage three**: The same Hug test sample went through 5 laundry machine cycles and machine drying cycles, both on warm settings, with other clothing and bedding items.



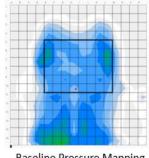




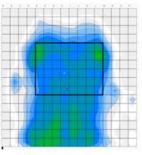
Recommended:
Machine wash
warm setting

Tumble dry low heat

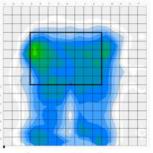
*Stage four:* The Hug test sample was returned for final pressure mapping using the same protocol as the one followed during the baseline testing, with the same 10 people.



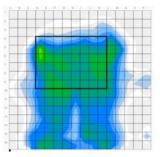
Baseline Pressure Mapping, Hug (3 min)



Baseline Pressure Mapping, Hug (20 min)



Pressure Mapping, Post-wash Hug (3 min)



Pressure Mapping, Post-wash Hug (20 min)

Data gathered during pressure mapping of the post-washed Hug insert was compared to the baseline pressure mapping data for both the Hug insert and the Dual Layer foam. Quantitative as well as visual map comparisons revealed remarkable pressure distribution performance of the Mac Back with both Dual Layer and Hug inserts.

## **Our findings – product performance**

As a manufacturer of Seating and Positioning equipment, we approach the question of product performance diligently. Understanding that StaminaFibre® has not been introduced in wheelchair seating products before, we developed additional testing protocols that included human subjects and the scenario of laundering the product for hygienic purposes.

During the course of testing, we were impressed with the product performance. In terms of pressure mapping, the Hug insert demonstrated low pressure values and greater contact area compared to the Dual Layer foam. After Hug laundering, pressure mapping indicated even larger surface contact area and lower peak pressure values. The Hug StaminaFibre® also demonstrated superior pressure distribution performance in tilt compared to the Dual Layer foam.

We selected a heavier and taller client population for the testing with a tilt angle of 45° to test product performance with the highest loads. Pressures were measured after continuous 3 minutes and also after 20 minutes in the wheelchair. We re-mapped the same Hug insert sample with the same people after it was subjected to the ISO/RESNA repetitive load testing and repetitive washing and drying. Interestingly, the performance of the Mac Hug back has improved: we saw better contact area numbers, peak pressures, and peak pressure index values after the washes. The level of testing completed is above and beyond the industry's minimum expectations.

#### Results

#### **Peak pressures**

Peak pressure is the highest value of the pressures recorded by the sensor units in the mat. For the purposes of the experiment, maximum peak pressure values for left and right scapulas as well as left and right PSIS were recorded over a 30-sec interval and compared later.

Compared to the Dual Layer foam, the Hug insert demonstrated 7.2 mmHg lower peak value average for pressure points initially and 12.6 mmHg lower peaks after 20 min in tilt.

#### PPI (Peak Pressure Index)

PPI is the pressure average value calculated within a 10 cm² area of the highest recorded pressure values. In our study, the pressure mat's sensel window was positioned around the scapula area. Lower peak values and lower gradients from peak to adjacent sensors indicate better envelopment of the bony prominences.

Compared to the Dual Layer foam, the Hug insert demonstrated lower PPIs (peak pressure index)

#### **Contact area**

Contact area is the area of the cushion in contact with the person and under load. If a specified load is distributed over a larger area, pressure at a given unit of area would be lower. The larger the contact area, the lower is the pressure. Usually, clinicians strive to select seating that would maximize clients' surface contact.

Compared to the Dual Layer foam, the Hug insert demonstrated better initial contact area and comparable immersion after 20 min in tilt

#### Level of comfort

Subjective level of comfort ranged between 7 and 10 for the Dual Layer foam, and between 8 and 10 for the Hug insert (1-10 scale). Half of the group found both the Dual Layer foam and the Hug insert equally comfortable. The other half gave the Hug insert a higher satisfaction score.

## Discussion – pressure mapping

Pressure mapping is a valuable comparative assessment tool that can help determine individual product suitability. To date, researchers agree that it is impossible to establish criteria of safety or a cut-off value to consider the product safe or unsafe using pressure mapping in isolation<sup>5</sup>. From a clinical point of view, wheelchair seating is one of multiple factors affecting skin condition. Proper nutrition, health status, activities of daily living, methods and frequencies of pressure relief, ways of transferring to and from the wheelchair, mobility level, seating cushion, and the wheelchair system set up all contribute to the condition of soft tissues<sup>6</sup>.

Nonetheless, pressure mapping can add value when a clinician decides between two or more products. When proper calibration, set up, and evaluation protocols are followed, pressure mapping can be an excellent tool for providing an immediate understanding of postural tendencies, pressure points, and the ways a seating surface reacts to a person's loading<sup>7</sup>. Pressure mapping may also be used when intervention involves making changes or customizations to the wheelchair seating. We used pressure mapping to compare the Hug insert to the Dual Layer foam which had already established itself as a safe interface based on years of data. Appendix A shows data on peak pressures, peak index, and contact area for both Dual Layer foam and Hug insert at 3 min and after 20 min in tilt. Seeing better surface area and lower peak pressure values with Hug insert is very promising. The Hug insert can be safely used as an alternative to the Dual Layer foam for use in tilt wheelchairs.

When selecting a back support model for an individual, it is beneficial to consider the peak pressure values in the areas of concern, aim for the overall wider contact area, and ensure that person is comfortable. Appendix B offers a comparison of contact area, PPI, and level of comfort for each subject of the study. Appendix C offers data for specific pressure points. However, while a review of absolute values may provide information on one or another parameter of interest, it is important to have a holistic approach and consider all the individual's lifestyle and health-related factors. Clinical judgement of a knowledgeable and experienced seating professional is critical in the selection of the product for the client.

#### **Conclusion**

The Matrx® MAC Back is a product that offers the option of Dual Layer foam or Hug (StaminaFibre® insert). Both models demonstrated very effective pressure distribution. The Dual Layer foam is a tried-and-true interface material that has historically demonstrated superior immersion and greater surface contact area compared to a standard single-layer slab foam. Dual Layer foam is often preferred by people with symmetrical or mildly asymmetrical postures. In our experiment, participants found both Dual Layer foam and Hug insert very comfortable.

The new Hug insert featuring StaminaFibre® offers the softest interface and may be beneficial for the most sensitive users. The Hug insert demonstrated a consistently lower peak pressure values even after repetitive load testing and 5 laundry washes. The highly immersive MAC Back with Hug insert may be

chosen for people with asymmetrical postures and in need of soft padding for pressure points. It is a great option for people looking for a more conforming material with the softness of a pillow. Ease of cleaning and maintenance of the Hug insert offers an attractive and comfortable alternative to the foam interface.

## **Summary**

The Matrx® MAC back support is offered in standard back lengths from 16 to 22 inches, and custom length of 24 inches to ensure taller individuals have access to a suitable back size. The height-adjustable laterals with a possibility of mixing depths (3 choices) offers an opportunity to customize support for individual needs.

The Matrx® MAC back with Hug insert offers an alternative to the Dual Layer foam, providing the highest level of comfort for sensitive users. The pressure mapping experiments demonstrated superior immersion and pressure distribution of the Hug insert. In addition, the StaminaFibre® provides self-redistribution and envelopment properties historically seen only with fluids and air. Offered as an interface for rigid contoured backs, the Hug insert has the potential to enhance comfort for people with pressure points and exaggerated spinal curves.

## **Appendix A**

## **Peak pressures**

Compared to the Dual Layer foam, Hug insert demonstrated on average:

- 7.2 mmHg lower peak values for pressure points initially
- 12.6 mmHg lower peak values after 20 min in tilt

Peak pressures	Initial peaks Hug	Initial peaks Dual Density	20-min peaks Hug	20-min peaks Dual Density
Rt Scapula Hug 3 min	79.9			
Rt Scapula Hug 20 min			91.3	
Rt Scapula Dual Density 3 min		94.2		
Rt Scapula Dual Density 20 min				111.4
Rt PSIS Hug 3 min	83.3			
Rt PSIS Hug 20 min			95.8	
Rt PSIS Dual Density 3 min		85		
Rt PSIS Dual Density 20 min				105.6
Lt Scapula Hug 3 min	77.6			
Lt Scapula Hug 20 min			82.3	
Lt Scapula Dual Density 3 min		86.9		
Lt Scapula Dual Density 20 min				104.3
Left PSIS Hug 3 min	61.7			
Left PSIS Hug 20 min			78.7	
Left PSIS Dual Density 3 min		65.3		
Left PSIS Dual Density 20 min				77
	75.6	82.9	87.0	99.6
		7.2		12.6

## **Pressure Index**

Compared to the Dual Layer foam, Hug insert demonstrated on average:

- Lower PPI (peak pressure index) initially and after 20 min in tilt
- Better PPI values for the Hug sample subjected to 5 laundry and drying cycles for 9 out of 10 participants

						PPI Difference
	Hug Insert - PPI	Dual Layer - PPI	Hug Insert - PPI	Dual Layer - PPI	Post-wash Hug PPI	b/w Post-wash
	sensel window	Hug and Dual				
	(3 min)	(3 min)	(20 min)	(20 min)	(20 min)	Layer (20 min)
Subject # 1	52	87	86	103	93.0	-10.0
Subject # 2	113	110	121	133	89.0	-44.0
Subject # 3	90	86	100	122	109.0	-13.0
Subject # 4	63	84	86	95	84.0	-11.0
Subject # 5	69	102	80	120	83.0	-37.0
Subject # 6	80	75	81	92	73.0	-19.0
Subject # 7	69	87	91	86	118.0	32.0
Subject #8	63	80	86	92	84.0	-8.0
Subject # 9	56	71	90	79	77.0	-2.0
Subject # 10	62	74	74	86	84.0	-2.0
Average	71.7	85.6	89.5	100.8	89.4	-11.4
		13.9		11.3		

## **Contact Area**

Although both Dual Layer foam and Hug insert showed great contact area values, Hug insert demonstrated larger surface contact area at 3 min and 20 min time marks in 45-degree tilt

	Baseline Hug surface contact area (in²) 3 min	Baseline Hug surface contact area (in²) 20 min	Dual Layer surface contact area (in²) 3 min	Dual Layer surface contact area (in²) 20 min
Subject # 1	269	282	258	258
Subject # 2	267	282	280	300
Subject # 3	292	308	271	293
Subject #4	186	203	174	191
Subject # 5	199	215	190	211
Subject # 6	234	250	238	243
Subject # 7	187	197	177	183
Subject #8	206	218	190	202
Subject # 9	214	230	189	209
Subject # 10	179	186	186	202
	223.3	237.1	215.3	229.2

After the five washing and drying cycles, Hug Insert still demonstrated superior immersion

		Baseline Hug	Baseline Hug	Dual Layer	Dual Layer	
	Person's	surface contact area (in²)	Post-wash 20 min			
	weight (lb)	3 min	20 min	3 min	20 min	Hug surface area
Subject #1	239	269	282	258	258	247
Subject # 2	232	267	282	280	300	265
Subject #3	278	292	308	271	293	308
Subject # 4	159	186	203	174	191	189
Subject # 5	196	199	215	190	211	225
Subject # 6	205	234	250	238	243	265
Subject # 7	180	187	197	177	183	210
Subject #8	149	206	218	190	202	238
Subject # 9	164	214	230	189	209	213
Subject # 10	181	179	186	186	202	237
		223.3	237.1	215.3	229.2	239.7

## **Appendix B**

## Comparison of surface contact area, peak pressure index, and level of comfort

## **Compare immersion (surface contact area)**

• For 7 people, Hug offered better surface contact, even after the washing and repetitive loading tests

	surface contact area (in²)	surface contact area (in²)	Dual Layer surface contact area (in²) 3 min	surface contact area (in²)	surface contact area (in²)	Dual Layer surface contact area (in²) 20 min
Subject #1	269	239	258	282	247	258
Subject # 2	267	234	280	282	265	300
Subject # 3	292	285	271	308	308	293
Subject # 4	186	177	174	203	189	191
Subject # 5	199	195	190	215	225	211
Subject # 6	234	238	238	250	265	243
Subject # 7	187	183	177	197	210	183
Subject #8	206	201	190	218	238	202
Subject # 9	214	209	189	230	213	209
Subject # 10	179	206	186	186	237	202
	223.3	216.7	215.3	237.1	239.7	229.2

## Compare peak pressure index

- For 8 people, results of pressure mapping on new sample of Hug insert demonstrated lower PPI values at 3 min compared to the results with Dual Layer foam
- Even after the washing cycles, PPI values were better (lower) for 9 people on Hug insert compared to dual density foam after 20-min in tilt

	Hug - PPI sensel window	•	Post-wash Hug PPI sensel window	Diff b/w new and post-wash Hug	Dual Layer - PPI sensel window	Post-wash Hug PPI sensel window	Diff b/w new and post wash Hug
	3 min	3 min	3 min	3 min	20 min	20 min	20 min
	52	87	95	43	103	93	7
	113	110	54	-59	133	89	-32
	90	86	82	-8	122	109	9
	63	84	80	17	95	84	-2
	69	102	42	-27	120	83	3
	80	75	61	-19	92	73	-8
	69	87	74	5	86	118	27
	63	80	68	5	92	84	-2
	56	71	79	23	79	77	-13
	62	74	63	1	86	84	10
PPI AVE	71.7	85.6	69.8	-1.9	100.8	89.4	-0.1
Diff after immersion					15.2	19.6	

## **Level of comfort**

- Half of the group found both the Dual Layer foam and the Hug insert equally comfortable.
- Four out of 10 people gave the Hug insert a higher score, even on sample that was tested and washed.

	Subjective level of comfort (1-10 scale)		Subjective level of com	fort (1-10 scale)	Subjective level of comfort (1-10 scale)		
	Baseline 3 min Hug	Baseline 20 min Hug	Post-wash 3 min Hug	Post-wash 20 min Hug	3 min Dual Layer	20 min Dual Layer	
Subject #1	9	10	10	10	9	9	
Subject # 2	10	10	8.5	9	10	10	
Subject #3	8.5	8.5	9	8.5	8.5	8.5	
Subject # 4	9	10	10	10	10	8	
Subject # 5	10	10	9	10	7	7	
Subject # 6	10	10	9	9	10	10	
Subject # 7	10	8	10	9	7	7	
Subject #8	10	10	9	9	10	10	
Subject # 9	9	9	9	9	9	9	
Subject # 10	9.5	10	10	9	9	9	
	9.5	9.55	9.4	9.3	9.0	8.8	

Appendix C:
Comparison of peak pressures for 10 people on Hug, Dual Layer, and Hug post-wash (3 min and 20 min)

	Rt Scapula Hug 3 min	Rt Scapula Dual Layer 3 min	Rt Scapula Hug post-wash 3 min		Rt Scapula Hug 20 min	Rt Scapula Dual Layer 20 min	Rt Scapula Hug post-wash 20 min	
Subject # 1	83	95	114		92	152	122	
Subject # 2	71	85	60		79	99	99	
Subject #3	106	86	72		108	112	89	
Subject # 4								
Subject # 5	78	114	71		88	123	76	
Subject # 6	85	73	59		95	116	98	
Subject # 7	83	132	112		104	123	167	
Subject #8	115	103	103		123	99	106	
Subject # 9	79	64	74		63	92	64	
Subject # 10	77	82	64		72	91	102	
	mmHg	mmHg	mmHg	Peak pressures	mmHg	mmHg	mmHg	Peak pressures
	86.3	92.7	81.0	-11.7	91.6	111.9	102.6	-9.3
				Washed Hug Compared to Dual Layer				Washed Hug Compared to Dual Layer
				to Duat Layer				to Duat Layer
	Lt Scapula Hug 3 min	Lt Scapula Dual Layer 3 min	Lt Scapula Hug post-wash 3 min		Lt Scapula Hug 20 min	L+ Scanula Dual Lavor 20 min	Lt Scapula Hug post-wash 20 min	
6 1 1 1 1 1	Lt Scapula Hug 5 IIIIII	Et Scapula Duai Layer 5 min	Et Scapula Hug post-wasii 5 iliili		Lt 3capula Hug 20 IIIIII	Et Scapula Dual Layer 20 IIIII	Lt 3capula Hug post-wasii 20 IIIIII	
Subject # 1	C4	50	70		70	404	443	
Subject # 2	61	58	79		79	101	112	
Subject # 3	111	95	75		109	121	92	
Subject # 4	92	106	92		02	144	106	
Subject # 5	83	106	83		92		106	
Subject # 6	88 77	90 97	74 73		11 115	102 136	89 122	
Subject # 7								
Subject # 8	86	82	42		105	83	70	
Subject # 9	51	54 70	61		64	78 83	62	
Subject # 10	74		70		81		86	- 1
	mmHg	mmHg	mmHg	Peak pressures	mmHg	mmHg	mmHg	Peak pressures
	78.9	81.5	69.6	-11.9	82.0	106.0	92.4	-13.6
				Washed Hug compared				Washed Hug compared
				to Dual Layer				to Dual Layer
	Rt PSIS Hug 3 min	Rt PSIS Dual Layer 3 min	Rt PSIS Hug post-wash 3 min		Rt PSIS Hug 20 min	Rt PSIS Dual Layer 20 min	Rt PSIS Hug post-wash 20 min	
Subject # 1								
Subject # 2	132	122	67		150	144	91	
Subject # 3	99	101	107		114	140	120	
Subject # 4								
Subject # 5	58	68	83		72	83	102	
Subject # 6	91	87	75		99	116	85	
Subject # 7	44	78	64		68	99	87	
Subject # 8	97	80	62		102	101	86	
Subject # 9	74	82	79		91	84	94	
Subject # 10								
	mmHg							
		mmHg	mmHg	Peak pressures	mmHg	mmHg	mmHg	Peak pressures
	85.0	mmHg 88.3	mmHg <b>76.7</b>	Peak pressures -11.6	mmHg 99.4	mmHg 109.6	mmHg 95.0	Peak pressures -14.6
			76.7	-11.6	99.4			-14.6
			76.7		99.4			
	85.0	88.3	76.7	-11.6 Washed Hug compared	99.4	109.6	95.0	-14.6 Washed Hug compared
Subject # 1			76.7	-11.6 Washed Hug compared	99.4			-14.6 Washed Hug compared
Subject # 1	85.0 Left PSIS Hug 3 min	88.3 Left PSIS Dual Layer 3 min	76.7  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 3 min	-11.6 Washed Hug compared	99.4 Left PSIS Hug 20 min	109.6  Left PSIS Dual Layer 20 min	95.0  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 20 min	-14.6 Washed Hug compared
Subject # 2	85.0 Left PSIS Hug 3 min	88.3  Left PSIS Dual Layer 3 min	76.7  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 3 min	-11.6 Washed Hug compared	99.4 Left PSIS Hug 20 min	109.6  Left PSIS Dual Layer 20 min	95.0 Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 20 min	-14.6 Washed Hug compared
Subject # 2 Subject # 3	85.0 Left PSIS Hug 3 min	88.3  Left PSIS Dual Layer 3 min 96	76.7  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 3 min	-11.6 Washed Hug compared	99.4 Left PSIS Hug 20 min	109.6  Left PSIS Dual Layer 20 min	95.0  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 20 min	-14.6 Washed Hug compared
Subject # 2 Subject # 3 Subject # 4	85.0 Left PSIS Hug 3 min 98 75	88.3  Left PSIS Dual Layer 3 min  96	76.7  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 3 min  76  93	-11.6 Washed Hug compared	99.4 Left PSIS Hug 20 min	109.6  Left PSIS Dual Layer 20 min  94  109	95.0 Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 20 min 94 112	-14.6 Washed Hug compared
Subject # 2 Subject # 3 Subject # 4 Subject # 5	85.0 Left PSIS Hug 3 min 98 75	88.3  Left PSIS Dual Layer 3 min  96 84	76.7  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 3 min  76 93	-11.6 Washed Hug compared	99.4 Left PSIS Hug 20 min 97 95	109.6  Left PSIS Dual Layer 20 min  94  109	95.0 Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 20 min 94 112	-14.6 Washed Hug compared
Subject # 2 Subject # 3 Subject # 4 Subject # 5 Subject # 6	85.0  Left PSIS Hug 3 min  98  75  48	88.3  Left PSIS Dual Layer 3 min  96  84	76.7  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 3 min  76  93  68	-11.6 Washed Hug compared	99.4 Left PSIS Hug 20 min 97 95	109.6  Left PSIS Dual Layer 20 min  94  109  83  77	95.0 Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 20 min 94 112 79 67	-14.6 Washed Hug compared
Subject # 2 Subject # 3 Subject # 4 Subject # 5 Subject # 6 Subject # 7	85.0  Left PSIS Hug 3 min  98  75  48  69  72	88.3  Left PSIS Dual Layer 3 min  96  84  70  70  53	76.7  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 3 min  76  93  68  51	-11.6 Washed Hug compared	99.4  Left PSIS Hug 20 min  97  95  555  93  93	109.6  Left PSIS Dual Layer 20 min  94  109  83  77  68	95.0  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 20 min  94  112  79  67  79	-14.6 Washed Hug compared
Subject # 2 Subject # 3 Subject # 4 Subject # 5 Subject # 6 Subject # 7 Subject # 8	85.0  Left PSIS Hug 3 min  98  75  48  69  72  82	88.3  Left PSIS Dual Layer 3 min  96  84  70  70  53  68	76.7  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 3 min  76  93  68  51  59	-11.6 Washed Hug compared	99.4  Left PSIS Hug 20 min  97  95  55  93  93  88	109.6  Left PSIS Dual Layer 20 min  94  109  83  77  688 87	95.0  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 20 min  94  112  79  67  79  72	-14.6 Washed Hug compared
Subject # 2 Subject # 3 Subject # 4 Subject # 5 Subject # 6 Subject # 7 Subject # 8 Subject # 9	85.0  Left PSIS Hug 3 min  98  75  48  69  72  82  65	88.3  Left PSIS Dual Layer 3 min  96  84  70  70  53  68	76.7  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 3 min  76  93  68  51  59	-11.6 Washed Hug compared	99.4  Left PSIS Hug 20 min  97  95  555  93  93	109.6  Left PSIS Dual Layer 20 min  94  109  83  77  688 87	95.0  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 20 min  94  112  79  67  79	-14.6 Washed Hug compared
Subject # 2 Subject # 3 Subject # 4 Subject # 5 Subject # 6 Subject # 7 Subject # 8	85.0  Left PSIS Hug 3 min  98  75  48  69  72  82  65	88.3  Left PSIS Dual Layer 3 min  96 84  70 77 53 68	76.7  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 3 min  76  93  68  51  59  54  63	-11.6 Washed Hug compared to Dual Layer	99.4  Left PSIS Hug 20 min  97  95  55  93  93  88  88	109.6  Left PSIS Dual Layer 20 min  94  109  83  77  68  87	95.0 Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 20 min  94  112  79  67  79  72  69	-14.6 Washed Hug compared to Dual Layer
Subject # 2 Subject # 3 Subject # 4 Subject # 5 Subject # 6 Subject # 7 Subject # 8 Subject # 9	85.0  Left PSIS Hug 3 min  98  75  48  69  72  82  65	88.3  Left PSIS Dual Layer 3 min  96 84  70 70 53 68 73	76.7  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 3 min  76  93  68  51  59  54  63	-11.6  Washed Hug compared to Dual Layer	99.4  Left PSIS Hug 20 min  97  95  55  93  93  88  88	109.6  Left PSIS Dual Layer 20 min  94  109  83  77  68  87  80	95.0  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 20 min  94  112  79  67  79  72  69	-14.6  Washed Hug compared to Dual Layer
Subject # 2 Subject # 3 Subject # 4 Subject # 5 Subject # 6 Subject # 7 Subject # 8 Subject # 9	85.0  Left PSIS Hug 3 min  98  75  48  69  72  82  65	88.3  Left PSIS Dual Layer 3 min  96 84  70 70 53 68 73	76.7  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 3 min  76  93  68  51  59  54  63	-11.6 Washed Hug compared to Dual Layer	99.4  Left PSIS Hug 20 min  97  95  55  93  93  88  88	109.6  Left PSIS Dual Layer 20 min  94  109  83  77  68  87  80	95.0  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 20 min  94  112  79  67  79  72  69	-14.6 Washed Hug compared to Dual Layer
Subject # 2 Subject # 3 Subject # 4 Subject # 5 Subject # 6 Subject # 7 Subject # 8 Subject # 9	85.0  Left PSIS Hug 3 min  98  75  48  69  72  82  65	88.3  Left PSIS Dual Layer 3 min  96 84  70 70 53 68 73	76.7  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 3 min  76  93  68  51  59  54  63	-11.6  Washed Hug compared to Dual Layer	99.4  Left PSIS Hug 20 min  97  95  55  93  888  888  mmHg  87.0	109.6  Left PSIS Dual Layer 20 min  94  109  83  77  68  87  80	95.0  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 20 min  94  112  79  67  79  72  69	-14.6 Washed Hug compared to Dual Layer
Subject # 2 Subject # 3 Subject # 4 Subject # 5 Subject # 6 Subject # 7 Subject # 8 Subject # 9	85.0  Left PSIS Hug 3 min  98  75  48  69  72  82  65	88.3  Left PSIS Dual Layer 3 min  96 84  70 70 53 68 73	76.7  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 3 min  76  93  68  51  59  54  63	-11.6 Washed Hug compared to Dual Layer  Dual Layer  Peak pressures  -7.1	99.4  Left PSIS Hug 20 min  97  95  55  93  888  888  mmHg  87.0	109.6  Left PSIS Dual Layer 20 min  94  109  83  77  68  87  80	95.0  Lt PSIS Hug post-wash 20 min  94  112  79  67  79  72  69	-14.6 Washed Hug compared to Dual Layer  Peak pressures -3.7

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